VOCATIONAL TRAINING

A remedy to Youth Unemployment in ASEAN

Team enQ RMIT University Vietnam



- 1 Introduction
- 2 Rationale
- 3 Analysis
- 4 Recommendation
- 5 Appendices



Introduction



Erik

Age group: 15 – 24 years old

Dropped out of secondary school

Sought jobs, but no offer

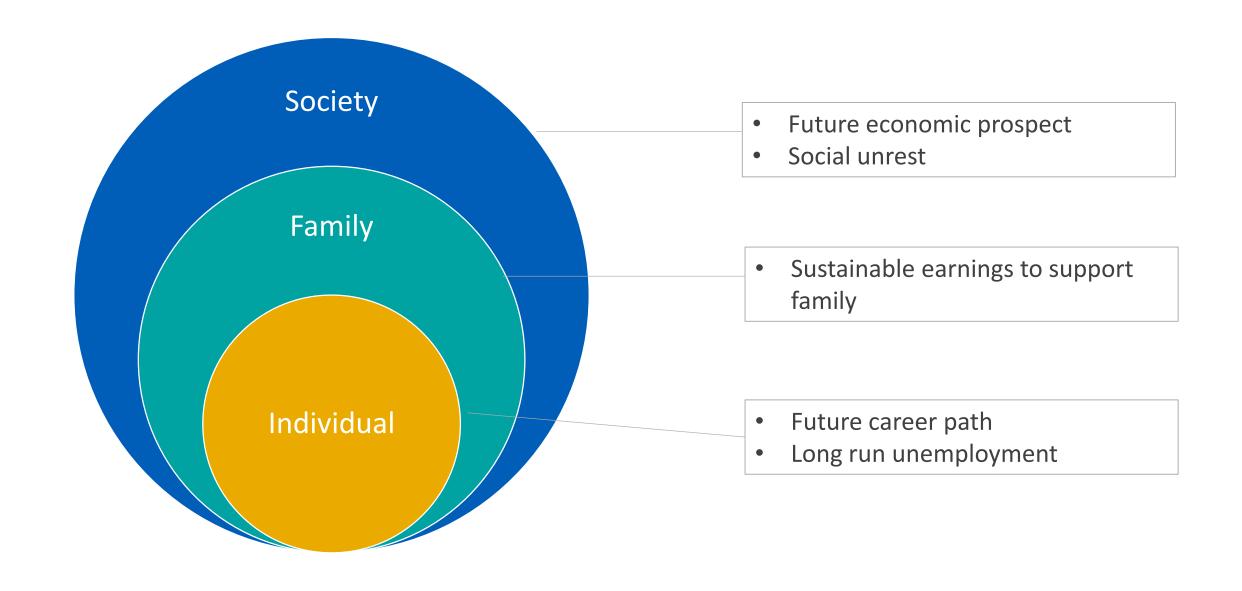
- 1 Introduction
- 2 Rationale
- 3 Analysis
- 4 Recommendation
- 5 Appendices



Rationale



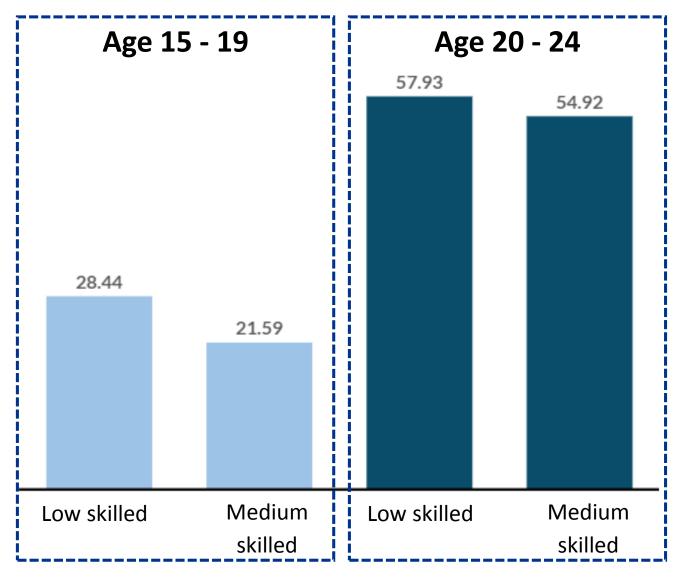
Rationale



- 1 Introduction
- 2 Rationale
- 3 Analysis
- 4 Recommendation
- 5 Appendices



Youth Employment Rate

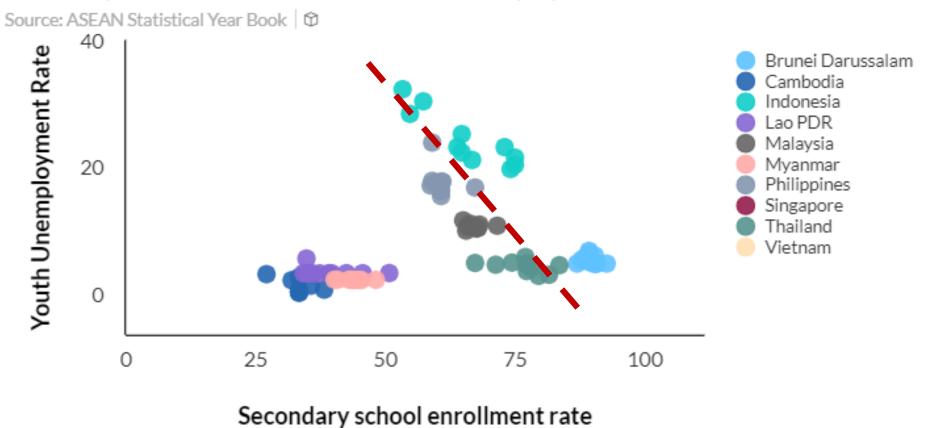


Regardless of skill levels,

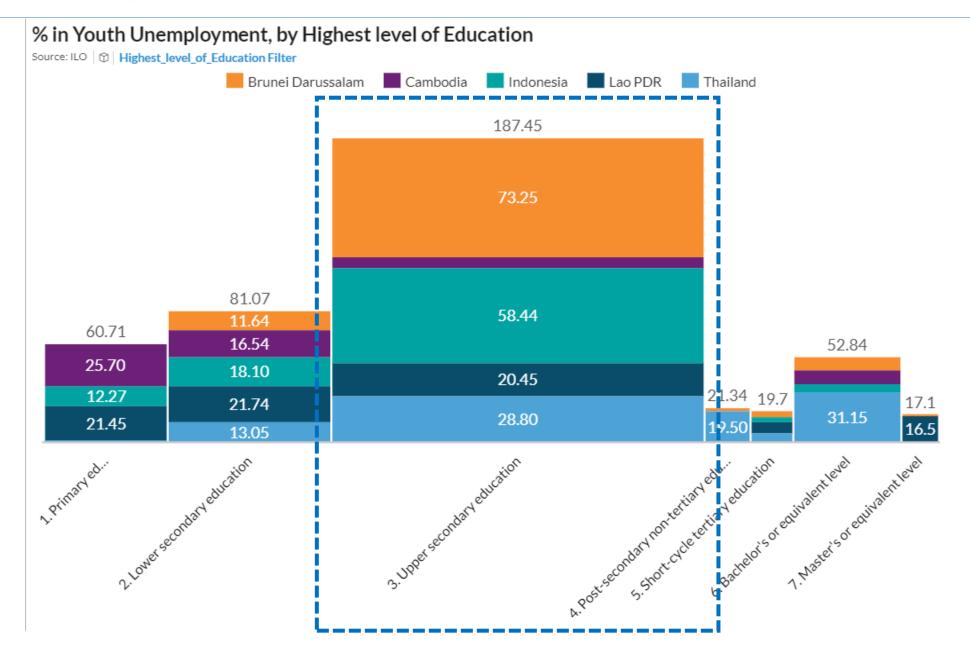
age group 15 – 19

is more vulnerable to unemployment, compared to the 20 - 24

Secondary school enrollment rate & Youth Unemployment Rate

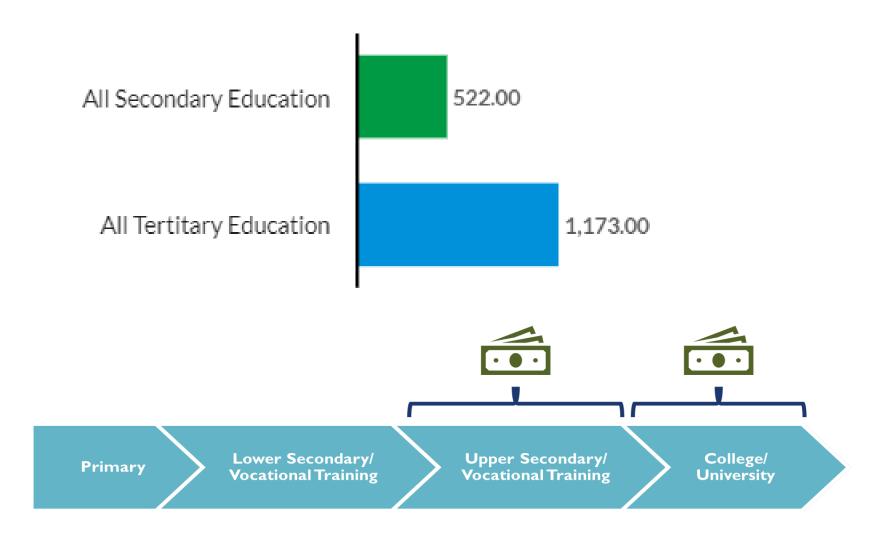


Secondary
enrollment rate
correlates to
youth
unemployment



Among the unemployed young people, most of them have highest education level of Upper Secondary.

Annual expenditure per student in USD



On average, tertiary education is

2.25 times

more expensive than secondary education (including vocational training)

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Rationale
- 3 Analysis
- 4 Recommendation
- 5 Appendices



Recommendation



Encourage more youths to join vocational training system



ENGAGE

RECOGNIZE

 Increase awareness of parents and other stakeholders about vocational training.

Open House

- Enhance the
 attractiveness of
 vocational school to
 secondary school leavers
 - Financial reasons
 - Non-financial reasons

- Enhance the graduate's quality of vocational training systems
 - Qualitystandardization
 - Pathway to colleges/ universities\

- Parents
- Educators

- Secondary school students
- Companies
- Ministry of education

ENGAGE

RECOGNIZE

- Increase awareness of parents and other stakeholders about vocational training.
 - Open House

- Enhance the
 attractiveness of
 vocational school to
 secondary school leavers
 - Financial reasons
 - Non-financial reasons

- Enhance the graduate's quality of vocational training systems
 - Qualitystandardization
 - Pathway to colleges/ universities\

- Parents
- Educators

- Secondary school students
- Companies
- Ministry of education

ENGAGE

RECOGNIZE

- Increase awareness of parents and other stakeholders about vocational training.
 - Open House

- Enhance the
 attractiveness of
 vocational school to
 secondary school leavers
 - Financial reasons
 - Non-financial reasons

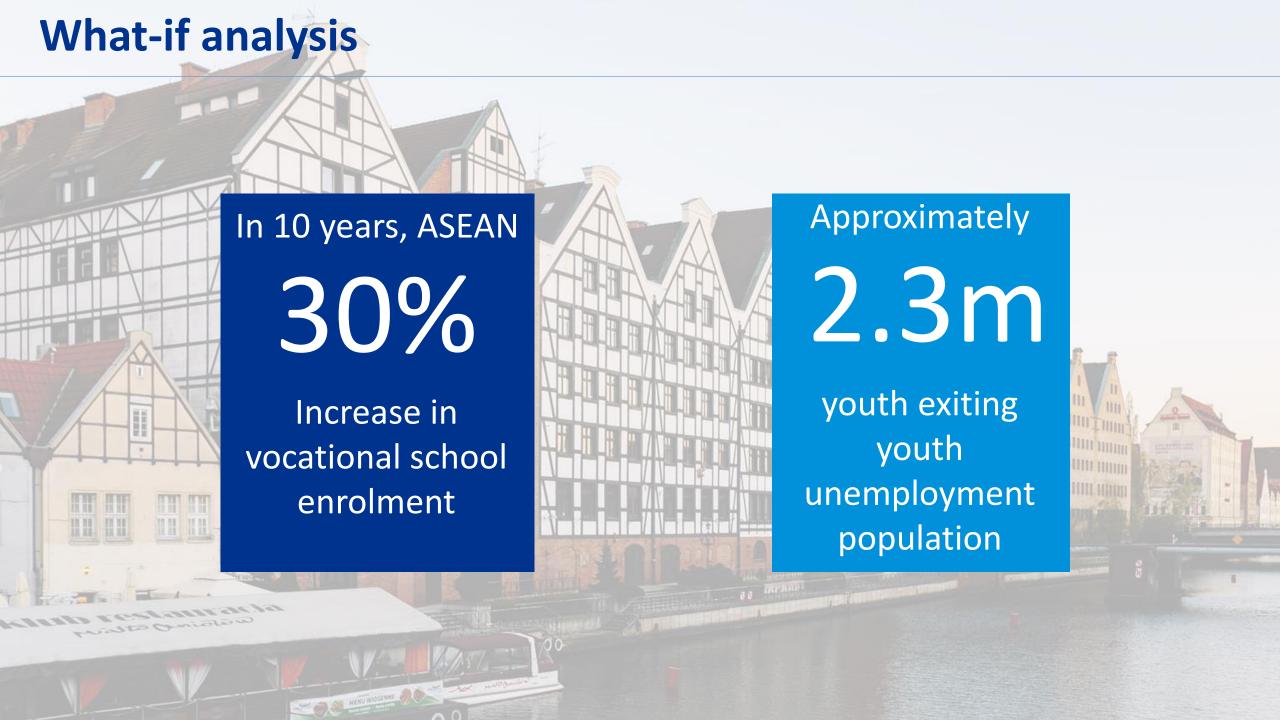
- Enhance the graduate's quality of vocational training systems
 - Quality standardization
 - Pathway to colleges/ universities

- Parents
- Educators

- Secondary school students
- Companies
- Ministry of education
- Universities/ colleges

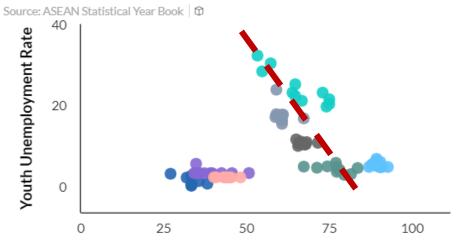
Timelines



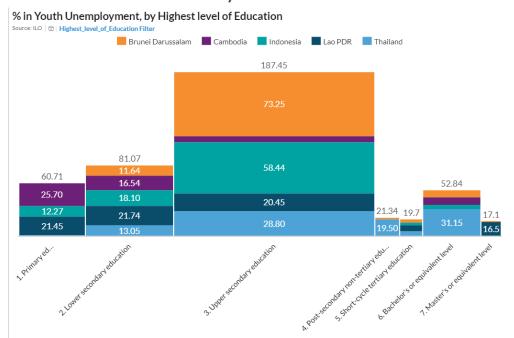


Summary





Secondary school enrollment rate

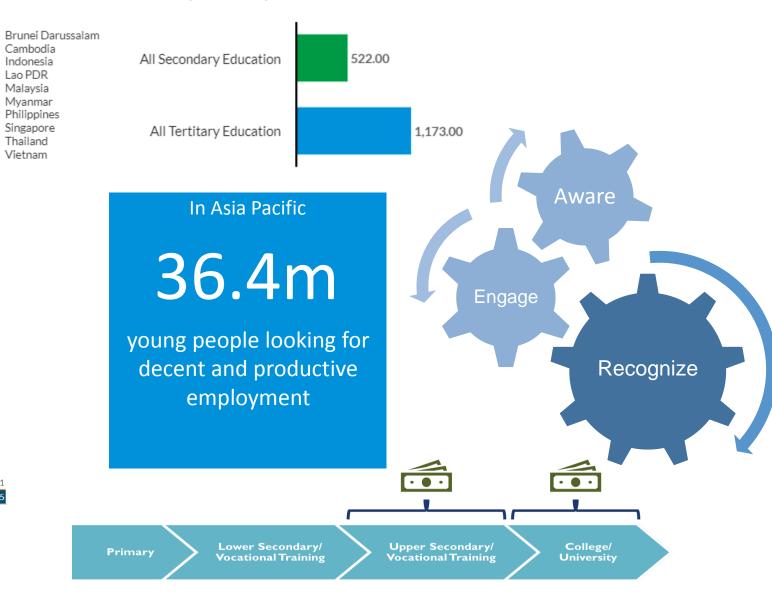


Annual expenditure per student in USD

Cambodia

Indonesia Lao PDR Malaysia Myanmar Philippines Singapore

Thailand Vietnam



- 1 Introduction
- 2 Rationale
- 3 Analysis
- 4 Recommendations
- 5 Appendices



ENGAGE

RECOGNIZE

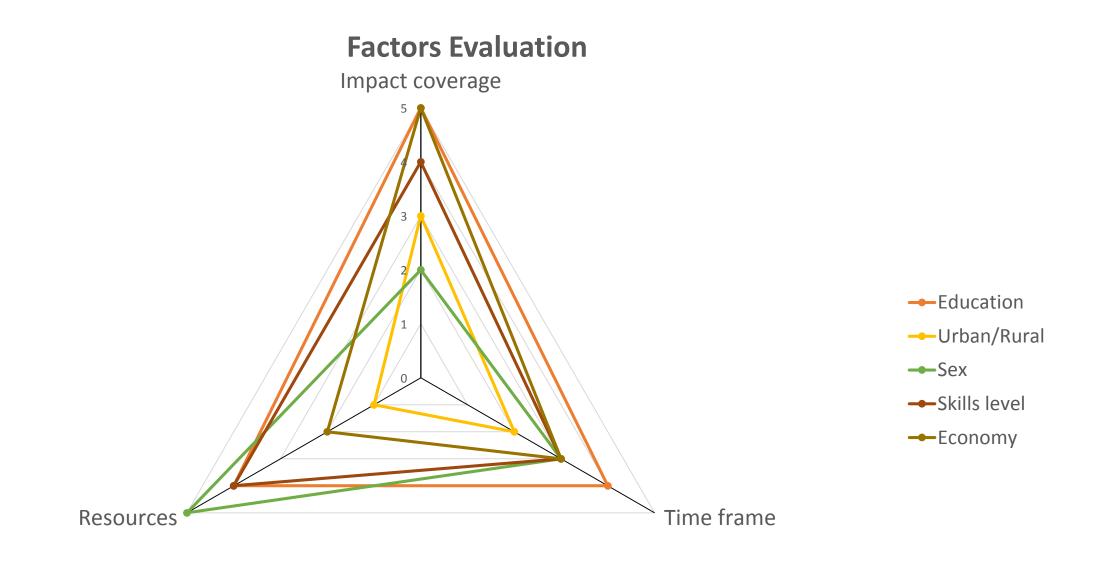
- Increase awareness of parents and other stakeholders about vocational training.
 - Open House

- Enhance the attractiveness of vocational school to secondary school leavers
 - Financial reasons
 - Non-financial reasons

- Enhance the graduate's quality of vocational training systems
 - Quality standardization
 - Pathway to colleges/ universities

- Parents
- Educators

- Secondary school students
- Companies
- Ministry of education
- Universities/ colleges



% Employment by Occupation, Labour segment

Developed Countries. Source: ASEAN Statistical Year Book

| Primary | 52.20 | 65.70 | 8.40 | 34.30 | 29.50 | 17.90 | 12.00 | 100.00 |
|-----------------|-------------------|-----------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|---------|--------|
| Secondary | 33.90 | 23.10 | 90.70 | 53.00 | 70.00 | 71.80 | 47.60 | 50.00 |
| Not categorized | 13.90 | 11.30 | 0.90 | 12.70 | 0.50 | 10.20 | 40.30 | 0.00 |
| | Brunei Darussalam | Singapore | Cambodia | Malaysia | Philippines | Thailand | Vietnam | |

1. GDP per capita in current \$US by Country in 2014

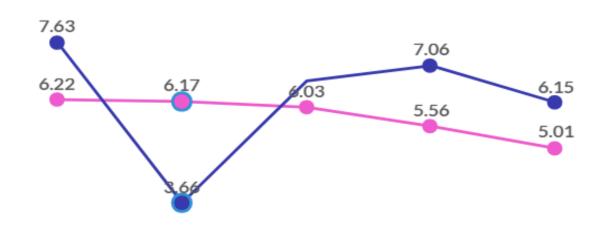
Source: The World Bank | 🗘 | Year Filter



2. GDP growth rate per Country









1. Skill gap per Country

