



Green Our Cities GROW Our WORLD











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By 2030, rising heat from climate change could lead

80 million jobs loss

with developing countries hardest hit

A temperature rise of 1.5°C



2.2% drop in working hours because of the health risks

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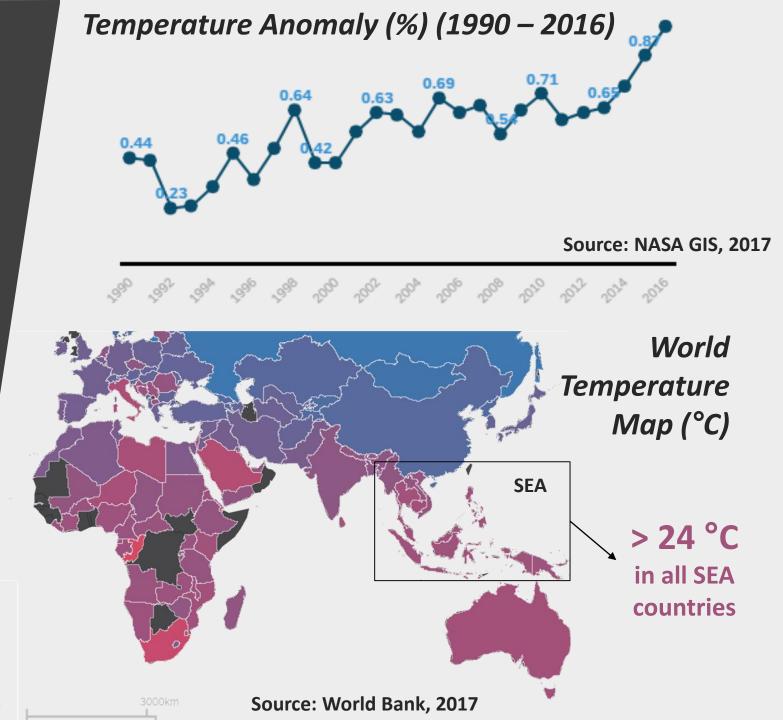
equal to 80 million full-time jobs



costing the global economy

\$2.4 trillion

Source: International Labour Organization, Layer 1
United National, 2019
Location (Temperat...



PM 2.5 Air Pollution (South East Asia)



Out of 10 countries in SEA, there are

- 8 countries moderate included to
- 1 country unhealthy included to

Source: Trading Economics, 2017

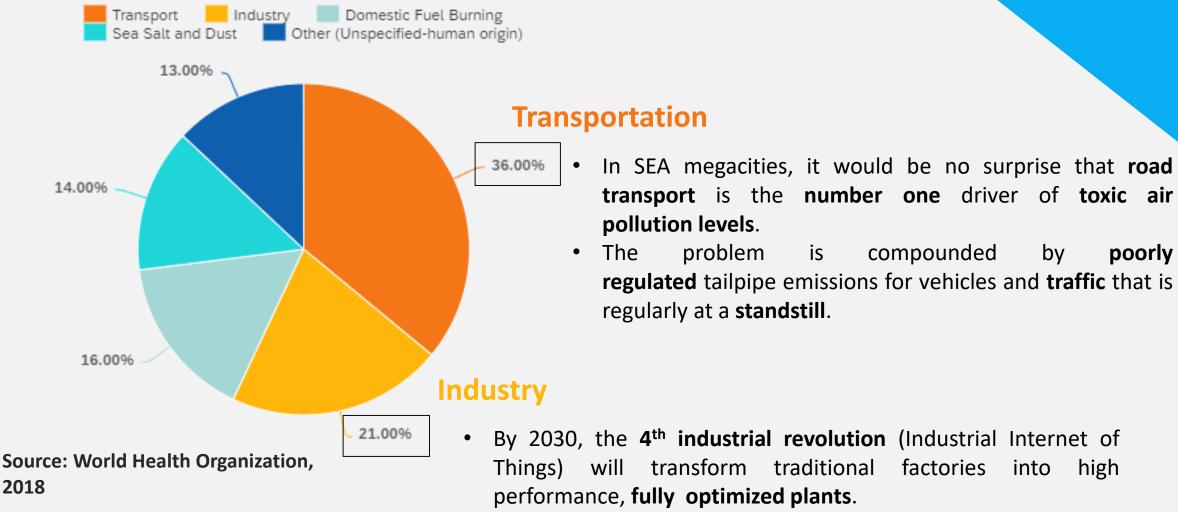
Without intervention, worldwide premature deaths due to ambient air pollution are expected to rise (annually)

3 million (2012) -> 6.5 million (2050)

with the majority in Southeast Asia and the Western Pacific region

Source: The Globe Post, 2019

South East Asia Pollution Contributor



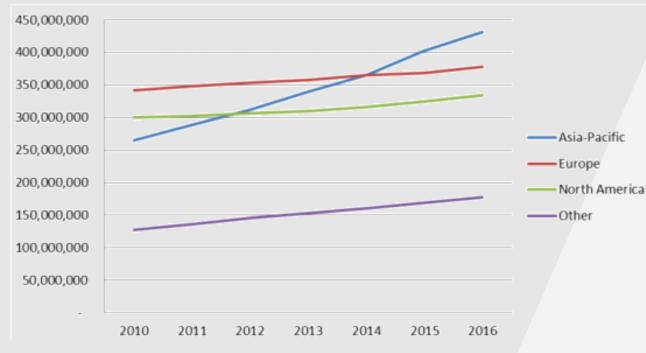
factories into

by

poorly

However, **developing countries** also have argued they should be allowed to **continue increasing emissions** as they industrialize.

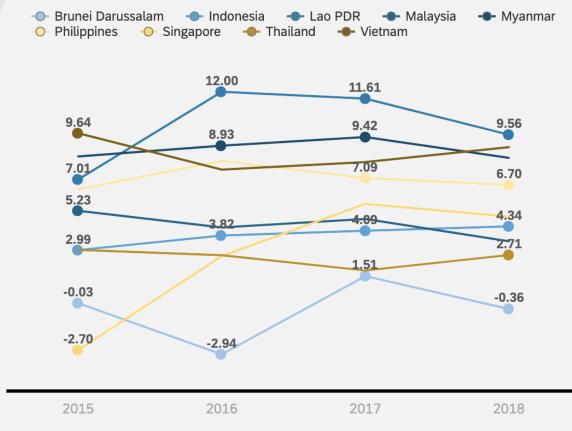
Transportations Annual Usage



Source: Auto Wards, 2017

Asia-Pacific trend are the most increasing one, which means **SEA transportations** usage is one of the biggest in the world.

Industries Annual Growth (%)



Source: World Bank, 2019

Industries annual growth in all SEA countries from 2015 – 2018 mostly are showing increasing trend and also positive percentages of growth

1st SOLUTION (transportation)

SMART CITY MAPPING



Analyze top congestion points in the city



Map it all around the city



Monitor the impacts through air pollution index







Grow more trees around the congestion points

2nd SOLUTION (industry)

Payback Emission Apps



Application to **calculate** the number of **trees** that must be planted in **substitution** of **emissions** issued by factory machinery, with considering the types and levels of pollutants, tree absorption ability, length of time to grow, and other variables.

AIMS:

• Industry becomes responsible for air pollutants produced





Can replace green open space that lost due land clearing / land use

• As an innovation, it can be **combined** with the amount of **tax rates**, where trees that successfully grow are made into **tax credits**

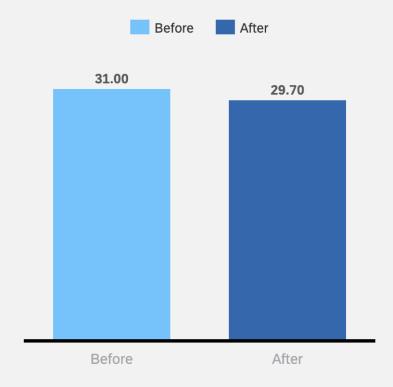


WHY PLANT TREES?



Temperature Reducing

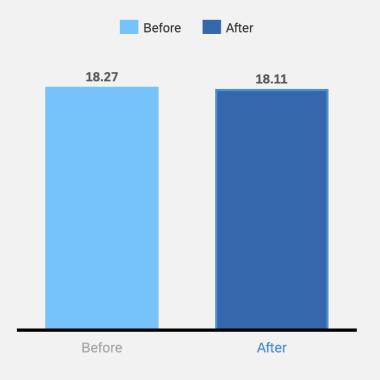
Indiana Temperature (Before and After Reforestation), in °C



Source: Souch, C. A. and Souch, C. (1993)

Removal of Air Pollutants

New York PM 2.5 Pollution (Before and After Reforestation), in ppm



Source: Nowak, D. J. and Crane, D. E. (2000)

CONCLUSION

Cities are **key contributors** to air pollution and also climate change, as urban activities are **major sources** of greenhouse gas emissions.

At the same time, **technology** can be used to **support** in **preventing** and **reducing** the city problems.



REFERENCES

- Auto Wards, 2017
- International Labour Organization, United National, 2019
- NASA GIS, 2017
- Nowak, D.J. and Crane, D.E. (2000)
- Souch, C.A. and Souch, C. (1993)
- The Globe Post, 2019
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